

**From:** "Torgerson, Karin B."  
**To:** "Hernandez, Israel", "Willeford, Emily", "Burks, Jonathan W.", "Kavanaugh, Brett M."  
**Sent:** Sat, 13 Sep 2003 14:27:33 -0500  
[09-15 BP for Edison Power Michigan.doc](#)  
[09-15 BP for BC-04 PA.doc](#)  
[09-15 Michigan Political Briefing.doc](#)  
[09-15 Photo List for Drexel Hill.xls](#)  
[09-15 Penn Political Briefing.doc](#)

Here are your docs with my edits. Brett and Jon have not been through these yet. Please see prior e-mail for questions on Michigan BP and Photo List, which are still outstanding.

Thanks

# THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

## TOUR OF DETROIT EDISON MONROE PLANT AND REMARKS ON NEW SOURCE REVIEW

Monday, September 15, 2003

12:05 p.m. – 1:30 p.m.

Detroit Edison Monroe Plant

Monroe, Michigan

Karl Rove / Margaret Spellings

### I. PURPOSE

To tour the Detroit Edison Monroe Plant and deliver remarks on New Source Review improvement regulations.

### II. BACKGROUND

#### New Source Review

On May 2001, you released your National Energy Plan, which called for reforms of the Clean Air Act New Source Review (NSR) program and recommended a study of NSR by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Your plan, which seeks to clarify present rules, provides for increased reliability, efficiency, and safety of the energy sector.

A June 2002 report conducted by the EPA found that: 1) the NSR permit process was often confusing for companies who wanted to replace and upgrade equipment; 2) projects were not initiated because the rules were very complex and were often interpreted differently by state and Federal environmental permittees; 3) the permit review would take as long as 18 months; and 4) the process was costly and often ended in litigation.

As a response to the study, in December 2002, EPA Administrator Whitman implemented a set of regulations clarifying the NSR emissions test and provided three pollution reduction incentive programs.

In August 2003, Acting EPA Administrator Marianne Horinko implemented a second NSR regulation, clarifying the kinds of routine equipment replacements excluded from NSR requirements. Analysis from EPA and the Department of Energy shows these new rules are not expected to lead to significant emissions increases, and in many cases, they should lead to emissions reductions because they facilitate efficiency improvements. The full range of Clean Air programs that are the primary means for achieving emissions reductions from existing sources are not altered and will continue to protect and improve the Nation's air quality.

These rules are the culmination of a ten-year process. In your Administration, EPA met with more than 100 environmental and consumer groups and public officials from across the political spectrum and evaluated more than 130,000 written comments to assess the effect of NSR. These rules have been highly controversial and criticized by the environmental community and many Democrat State Attorneys General. Many labor

unions, the National Governors Association, the Environmental Council of the States, the business community, and Members of Congress and state officials support the rules.

#### EPA's New Air Quality Trends Report

You will announce the release of EPA's new annual air quality trends report showing air quality in America continues to steadily improve. The report states that since 1970, total emissions forming the six principle pollutants have been cut by 48 percent. This decrease has come despite a 164 percent increase in U.S. gross domestic product and is a significant improvement over the emission reductions reported in past annual reports. The report in 2002 showed only a 29 percent decrease.

#### DTE Energy and Detroit Edison Monroe Plant

DTE Energy sells electricity, natural gas, coal, landfill gas, steam, and chilled water, and is one of the Nation's largest purchasers, transporters, and marketers of coal. DTE Energy's subsidiary, Detroit Edison, is the Nation's seventh largest electric utility, supplying energy to 2.1 million customers in Southeastern Michigan. Detroit Edison's Monroe Plant is a coal-fired power plant located on Lake Erie between Detroit and Toledo, Ohio, that has a strong environmental track record.

### III. PARTICIPANTS

#### Tour Guides

Paul Fessler, Plant Director, Detroit Edison Monroe

Michael "Mike" Smith, Senior Union Committeeman, Detroit Edison Monroe, and  
Member of Local 223 Utility Workers Union of America

#### Stage Participants

Anthony "Tony" Earley, Jr., Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, DTE Energy (will introduce you)

#### VIPs in Audience

Marianne Horinko, Acting Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency

Jeff Holmstead, Assistant Administrator, Office of Air and Radiation, Environmental  
Protection Agency

Terri Lynn Land, Michigan Secretary of State (R) (female)

Mike Cox, Michigan Attorney General (R)

Congresswoman Candice Miller (R, MI-10)

Congressmen Fred Upton (R, MI-6)

State Representative Richard Johnson, Speaker of the State House (R)

State Senator Bruce Patterson, Chair of the State Senate Technology and Energy  
Committee (R)

State Senator Beverly Hammerstrom (R)

State Representative Matt Milosch [mil-AH-sh] (R)

State Representative Randy Richardville (R)

C. D. "Al" Cappuccilli, [cap-uh-CHILL-e] Mayor, City of Monroe (Non-partisan)

Gerrard "Jerry" M. Anderson, President, DTE Energy Resources

Martin Taylor, Senior Vice President, Human Resources and Corporate Affairs, DTE  
Energy

Skiles W. Boyd, Director, Environmental Management and Resources, DTE Energy



500 invited guests, including plant officials and workers, union officials, and local business and community leaders

White House Staff

Joe Hagin, Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations

Barry Jackson, Deputy to the Senior Advisor

James Connaughton, Chairman, Council on Environmental Quality

IV. PRESS PLAN

Tour: Pool

Remarks: Open

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You arrive Detroit Edison Monroe Plant and are greeted by Tony Earley, Congressman Fred Upton, Attorney General Mike Cox, Mayor Al Cappuccilli, Representative Richard Johnson, Martin Taylor, Jerry Anderson, and Skiles Boyd.
  - You proceed to tour and are met by Paul Fessler and Mike Smith.
- **Note:** Due to floor noise, it is suggested you wear earplugs, hardhat, and glasses.
- On the tour you will view:
  - Turbine # 3 (not-yet-upgraded), and then proceed to the coal feeder deck and greet coal feeder workers
  - You view a static display of turbine upgrades, and
  - Turbine #4 (an upgraded turbine)
- You leave the turbine floor and proceed to the turbine control room for a briefing on control systems and to greet workers.
- You conclude tour and depart in motorcade to Building F.
- You proceed to off-stage announce area.
- Tony Earley is announced on to stage.
- You are announced on to stage.
- Tony Earley delivers brief remarks and introduces you.
- You deliver remarks.
- You conclude remarks, proceed to rope line, and depart.

VI. REMARKS

Prepared by Speechwriting

VII. ATTACHMENTS

Tab 1 – Remarks

Tab 2 – Background Information on Tour Guides and Tony Earle, Jr.

Tab 3 – Background on DTE Energy and the August 14 Blackout

Tab 4 – Michigan Political Briefing

## **BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON TOUR GUIDES**

### Paul Fessler, Director, Monroe Power Plant, Detroit Edison

Paul Fessler has been the director of the Monroe Power Plant since July 2001. As director, he is responsible for all aspects of plant operations. Prior to joining the Monroe Plant, Fessler was the assistant vice president for Nuclear Operations/Plant Director of Detroit Edison's Fermi 2 Nuclear Power Plant. Fessler is a member of the American Nuclear Society and the Engineering Society of Detroit. Paul lives in Canton, and has three sons, Paul, Tony, and David.

### Michael "Mike" P. Smith, Senior Union Committeeman, Monroe Power Plant, Local 223 Utility Workers Union of America

Mr. Smith has worked as a Power Plant Operator at the Monroe Power Plant for 17 years. He is serving his third term as the Local 223 Power Generation Committee person. In addition, Mr. Smith has been the Varsity golf coach for the Onsted High School for the past ten years. Mike and his wife, Brenda, live in Onsted with their four daughters.

## **BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON TONY EARLEY, JR.**

### Anthony "Tony" F. Earley, Jr., Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, DTE Energy

Mr. Early has been chairman and chief executive officer of DTE Energy, a diversified energy company involved in the development and management of energy-related businesses and services, since 1998. DTE Energy owns Detroit Edison, an electric utility serving 2.1 million customers in Southeastern Michigan, Michigan Consolidated Gas Company (MichCon), a natural gas utility serving 1.2 million customers in more than 550 communities throughout Michigan, and several non-regulated energy companies. Earley joined Detroit Edison as President and chief operating officer in March 1994. He has been actively involved in Michigan's efforts to restructure the electric utility industry in the state. Tony and his wife Sarah live in Bloomfield and have four sons Michael, Tony, Dan, and Matt.



## **BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON DTE ENERGY AND THE AUGUST 14 BLACKOUT**

### DTE Energy and Detroit Edison Monroe Plant

A good example of the need for NSR reform, DTE has an energy efficiency project at the Monroe plant that was delayed by a complex year-long NSR permit review. In 1999, DTE wanted to install new turbine blade technology in all four turbine generators to replace worn blades; this upgrade would be an investment of approximately \$56 million and would produce 200 megawatts more electricity from the same amount of fuel without causing increased in air emissions. DTE asked EPA for a ruling on whether the replacement would be considered routine under NSR, and one year later, EPA issued a complicated ruling including 20 new test factors. DTE went ahead with efficiency upgrades to two of the units despite the ruling. DTE had to delay a decision on a more extensive and costly efficiency upgrade on the other two turbine units until they could determine the impact of the EPA ruling. Due to your Administration's clarification of the NSR routine maintenance regulations, this additional upgrade will qualify for the exclusion. DTE is considering other energy efficiency projects at other plants that could produce another 135 megawatts of electricity. Your new rule will ensure that these projects can get underway quickly.

### The August 14 Blackout and Detroit Edison

The Detroit Edison system experienced a total voltage collapse during the August 14, 2003, blackout. DTE was able to restore electric service in just over 36 hours after the initial system collapse and is working with the Department of Energy's U.S.-Canada Joint Task Force to discover the cause of the blackout. DTE strongly supports the creation of a single Regional Transport Organization (RTO) with mandatory participation by all utilities, generators, and market participants in the Midwest where a natural wholesale market exists. DTE also supports comprehensive energy legislation. Your Administration has consistently supported voluntary RTOs; however, your Administration has not supported mandatory RTOs as contemplated in the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's Standard Market Design.

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## **MICHIGAN BRIEFING**

### **POLITICAL CLIMATE**

#### **STATE BUDGET**

The passage of a series of bills on July 17 has brought the state Legislature and Governor Jennifer Granholm (D) closer to agreeing on a balanced budget. The Legislature passed a general budget, with funding for the Legislature and government offices, and a revenue sharing plan that cuts State spending by three percent in an effort to deal with budget shortfalls. The State employment portion of the budget is the only unresolved piece.

#### **UNEMPLOYMENT**

The unemployment rate in Michigan reached a ten-year high in July at 7.4 percent. Since January, 60,000 people have lost their jobs. Manufacturing jobs continue to be the hardest hit in Michigan.

In response to the unemployment problem, Governor Jennifer Granholm has unveiled a manufacturing initiative, which includes plans for a manufacturing summit with other Midwest states to be held in November. The focus of the summit is to draw national attention to the manufacturing job losses.

#### **UAW LABOR NEGOTIATIONS** (May have to be revised by Monday)

The United Auto Workers (UAW) is negotiating with Detroit automakers to reach a new labor agreement before the existing four-year pact expires on September 14, 2003. The UAW may make an unprecedented simultaneous agreement with Detroit's three automakers, instead of reaching an agreement with one manufacturer and using the pact as leverage over the remaining two as it usually does. These negotiations have been unusually calm. UAW President Ron Gettelfinger has brought a more conciliatory tone to the bargaining table with few threats of strikes and walk-outs.

#### **BLACKOUT**

One day after the power outage that stretched from Michigan to southern New England on August 14, Governor Granholm declared a State of Emergency, allowing local and State governments to request assistance and Federal aid. Officials have begun tallying the massive costs that were incurred restoring water and power.

Governor Granholm and Detroit Mayor Kwame Kilpatrick (D) testified before the House Energy and Commerce Committee on September 3. Governor Granholm stressed Congress should set Federal standards for the power transmission system, but



## **MICHIGAN BRIEFING**

she opposed the comprehensive energy policy advocated by Congressional Republicans. The Governor said changes to the national power grid should not be tied to other more controversial legislation, such as oil drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.

### **UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN AFFIRMATIVE ACTION CASE**

On June 23, the Supreme Court handed down rulings in the two University of Michigan Affirmative action cases, *Grutter v. Bollinger* (undergraduate program) and *Gratz v. Bollinger* (graduate program). In *Gratz*, the Court held that diversity is a compelling state interest and one that universities can take into account in their admissions policies. However, in *Grutter*, the Court struck down the University of Michigan's undergraduate admission point system (which gave applicants a certain number of points based on race) because it was not narrowly tailored to achieve the goal of diversity. The dual decisions essentially held that affirmative action programs are Constitutional and do not violate the Equal Protection Clause, but they must conform to specific guidelines and be narrowly tailored.

Despite having to change its undergraduate affirmative action policy, the University of Michigan hailed the decision as a victory for affirmative action and has instituted a new policy patterned after the policy used at the law school. The policy abandons the point system in favor of a more flexible method, including additional student essays and expanded recommendations from high school teachers and counselors. The University of Michigan believes the new system will continue to expand racial and socioeconomic diversity among the student body and expects to spend \$2 million implementing the new policy. It is unlikely that other state higher education institutions will be forced to change their policies.

On July 8, civil rights activist Ward Connerly announced the launch of the Michigan Civil Rights Initiative, a project supporting a ballot initiative to end affirmative action policies in Michigan. The movement has faced opposition from Congressman John Dingell (D, MI-15) and the Michigan Republican Party.

### **FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES**

Federal Prison Industries (FPI) is an arm of the Justice Department's Federal Bureau of Prisons and was founded by President Roosevelt in the 1930's. The program uses inmate labor to produce 80 different products. FPI employs more than 21,000 inmates and sold \$678.6 million worth of products in FY '02, up 16 percent from the previous year.

**MICHIGAN BRIEFING**

Various lawmakers, led by Congressman Peter Hoekstra (R, MI-02), have recently criticized the rules and preferences in place that they argue give FPI an unfair advantage over private companies. Specifically, Federal law includes a 'mandatory source status' provision, which requires Federal agencies to buy furniture from FPI unless FPI grants a waiver. In late June, Steelcase Inc., a Michigan-based furniture company, was awarded a \$6 million dollar contract to outfit the Federal Aviation Administration's new headquarters. They had initially been beaten out by a matching bid from FPI, which was subsequently withdrawn.

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**MICHIGAN BRIEFING**

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**MICHIGAN BRIEFING****STATISTICS****2000 General Election Results  
(Presidential):**

	<b>Total Votes</b>	<b>%Won</b>
<b>Gore</b>	2,170,418	51%
<b>Bush</b>	1,953,139	46%
<b>Nader</b>	84,165	2%
<b>Other</b>	24,779	1%

**1996 General Election Results  
(Presidential):**

	<b>Total Votes</b>	<b>%Won</b>
<b>Clinton</b>	1,989,683	52%
<b>Dole</b>	1,481,572	39%
<b>Perot</b>	336,681	9%

**CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION**

**Note:** Michigan lost one Congressional seat in reapportionment.

**U.S. SENATE:**

- Carl Levin (D), 5<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected in 2002 with 61%
- Debbie Stabenow (D), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected in 2000 with 49%

**U.S. HOUSE: 15 Total (9R, 6D)**

- Bart Stupak (D-01), 6<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 68%
- Peter Hoekstra (R-02), 6<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 70%
- Vernon Ehlers (R-03), 5<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 70%
- Dave Camp (R-04), 7<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 68%
- Dale Kildee (D-05), 1<sup>st</sup> term in MI-05, 14<sup>th</sup> consecutive term, uncontested (92%)
- Fred Upton (R-06), 9<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 69%
- Nick Smith (R-07), 6<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 60% (retiring in 2004)
- Mike Rogers (R-08), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected with 68%
- Joe Knollenberg (R-09), 1<sup>st</sup> term in MI-09, 6<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 58%
- Candice Miller (R-10), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 63%
- Thaddeus McCotter (R-11), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 57%
- Sander Levin (D-12), 11<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 68%
- Carolyn C. Kilpatrick (D-13), 1<sup>st</sup> term in MI-13, 4<sup>th</sup> consecutive term, elected with (92%)
- John Conyers (D-14), 20<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 83%
- John Dingell (D-15), 24<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 72%

## **MICHIGAN BRIEFING**

### **STATE GOVERNMENT**

Governor Jennifer Granholm (D), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 51%  
 Lieutenant Governor John Cherry (D), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 51%  
 Secretary of State Terri Lynn Land (R), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 55%  
 Attorney General Mike Cox (R), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 49%  
**Note:** The Governor appoints all other statewide positions.

**State Senate:** 38 (22R, 16D)  
 President: John Cherry (D)  
 Majority Leader: Ken Sikkema (R)  
 Minority Leader: Robert Emerson (D)

**State House:** 110 (63R, 47D)  
 Speaker: Rick Johnson (R)  
 Majority Leader: Randy Richardville (R)  
 Minority Leader: Diane Byrum (D)

### **STATE PARTY**

Chairman: Betsy DeVos  
 National Committeeman: Chuck Yob  
 National Committeewoman: Sharon Wise

### **STATE DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE**

**Estimated Population:** 9,938,444 (6.9% increase since 1990)  
**Race/Ethnicity:** 80.2% White, 14.2% African-American, 3.3% Hispanic, 1.8% Asian  
**Median Age:** 36 years (12.3% over 65 years)  
**Median Household Income:** \$44,667  
**College Educated:** 21.8%  
**Family Households:** 68% married couple; 51.4% married couple families  
 (Source: 2000 US Census)



**MICHIGAN BRIEFING****YOUR PREVIOUS TRAVEL**

<b>Event</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Location</b>
Remarks on the Economy to the Beaver Aerospace and Defense, Inc. and Bush/Cheney 2004 Fundraiser	July 24, 2003	Livonia Dearborn
Roundtable and Speech on Post Operation Iraqi Freedom Reconstruction	April 28, 2003	Dearborn
Roundtable and Remarks on Medicare and Prescription Drugs	January 29, 2003	Grand Rapids
Welcome Event and Victory 2002 and Thaddeus McCotter Finance Event	October 14, 2002	Waterford Dearborn
Remarks on Border Security and Bilateral with Canadian Prime Minister Chretien	September 9, 2002	Detroit
State Visit with Polish President Kwasniewski	July 18, 2002	Troy
Education Message at Vandenberg Elementary School	May 6, 2002	Southfield
Teamsters Barbecue	September 3, 2001	Detroit
Remarks to the U.S. Conference of Mayors	June 25, 2001	Detroit
Economic Speech at Western Michigan University	March 27, 2001	Kalamazoo

**THE VICE PRESIDENT'S PREVIOUS TRAVEL**

<b>Event</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Location</b>
Bush/Cheney 2004 Fundraiser	June 30, 2003	Grand Rapids
Finance Event for Congressman Knollenberg and Thaddeus McCotter	August 8, 2002	Livonia
Governor's Gala for Michigan GOP	June 20, 2002	Detroit
Michigan State University Commencement Address	May 3, 2002	Lansing
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Fundraiser for Congressman Mike Rogers	June 18, 2001	Howell

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## **PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFING**

### **POLITICAL CLIMATE**

#### **STATE BUDGET**

The State faces a \$1.7 billion budget deficit this year, and the battle over the budget has been contentious. Governor Ed Rendell (D) and the Legislature have not been able to agree on the State's education subsidy, and a final budget has yet to be signed. There will likely be a special session to discuss the issue at the end of the month.

In March, Governor Rendell vetoed a \$4 billion education subsidy that was to be included in the 2003-2004 budget. On September 8, House Majority Leader Sam Smith (R) introduced a plan to increase the basic education subsidy by 2.8 percent, claiming the plan will increase education spending without increasing taxes.

#### **GAMBLING**

Last session, the State Senate killed a Rendell-backed House bill to allow gambling in the State. Governor Rendell claims the bill would have created a billion dollars in revenue by allowing slots at Pennsylvania racetracks, as well as establishing "slots only" casinos in both Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

#### **INCOME TAX**

Because of the budget shortfalls, Governor Rendell has said he would like to raise the State's personal income tax from 2.8 percent to 3.1 – 3.3 percent. Republican legislators oppose the plan.

#### **REDISTRICTING**

A Federal three-judge panel ruled that the Republican plan for redrawing the boundaries of the State's 19 congressional districts is Constitutional. The new plan will shift about 40,000 residents into new voting districts for the 2004 elections, but it will not result in any substantial changes to the 2002 districts. Democrats will likely appeal the case to the United States Supreme Court alleging political gerrymandering.

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**STATISTICS****2000 General Election Results****(Presidential):**

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Win %</b>
<b>Gore</b>	2,485,967	51%
<b>Bush</b>	2,281,127	46%
<b>Nader</b>	103,392	2%
<b>Other</b>	41,699	1%

**1996 General Election Results****(Presidential):**

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Win %</b>
<b>Clinton</b>	2,215,819	49%
<b>Dole</b>	1,801,169	40%
<b>Perot</b>	430,984	10%
<b>Other</b>	58,146	1%

**CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION****U.S. SENATE:**

- Arlen Specter (R), 4<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected in 1998 with 61%
- Rick Santorum (R), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected in 2000 with 52%

**U.S. HOUSE: 19 Total (12R, 7D)**

- Robert Brady (D-01), 3<sup>rd</sup> full term, re-elected with 86%
- Chaka Fattah (D-02), 5<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 88%
- Phil English (R-03), 5<sup>th</sup> consecutive term, 1<sup>st</sup> term in PA-03, re-elected with 78%
- Melissa Hart (R-04), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected with 65%
- John Peterson (R-05), 4<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 87%
- Jim Gerlach (R-06), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 51%
- Curt Weldon (R-07), 9<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 66%
- Jim Greenwood (R-08), 6<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 63%
- Bill Shuster (R-09), 1<sup>st</sup> term, re-elected with 71%
- Don Sherwood (R-10), 3<sup>rd</sup> term, re-elected with 93%
- Paul Kanjorski (D-11), 10<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 56%
- John Murtha (D-12), 15<sup>th</sup> full term, re-elected with 73%
- Joe Hoeffel (D-13), 3<sup>rd</sup> term, re-elected with 51%
- Mike Doyle (D-14), 5<sup>th</sup> consecutive term, 1<sup>st</sup> term in PA-14, re-elected without opposition
- Pat Toomey (R-15), 3<sup>rd</sup> term, re-elected with 57%
- Joseph Pitts (R-16), 4<sup>th</sup> term, re-elected with 88%
- Tim Holden (D-17), 6<sup>th</sup> consecutive term, 1<sup>st</sup> term in PA-17, re-elected with 51%
- Tim Murphy (R-18), 1<sup>st</sup> term, elected with 60%
- Todd Platts (R-19), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected with 91%



## **STATE GOVERNMENT**

Governor Ed Rendell (D), elected in 2002 with 53%

Lieutenant Governor Catherine Baker Knoll (D), elected with Rendell

Attorney General Mike Fisher (R), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected in 2000 with 54%

Treasurer Barbara Hafer (R), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected in 2000 with 49%

Auditor General Robert Casey, Jr. (D), 2<sup>nd</sup> term, re-elected in 2000 with 57%

**State House:** 203 (109R, 94D)

Speaker: John Perzel (R)

Majority Leader: Samuel Smith (R)

Minority Leader: William DeWease (D)

**State Senate:** 49 (28R, 21D)

President: Lieutenant Governor Catherine Baker Knoll (D)

Majority Leader: David "Chip" Brightbill (R)

Minority Leader: Robert Mello (D)

## **STATE PARTY**

State Chairman: Alan Novak

National Committeeman: Bob Asher

National Committeewoman: Christine Toretta

## **STATE DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE**

**Estimated Population 2000:** 12,281,054, up 3.4% since 1990

**Race/Ethnicity:** 85.4% White, 10% African-American, 3.2% Hispanic, 1.8% Asian

**Median Household Income:** \$40,106

**College Educated:** 22.4%

**Median Age:** 38 years (15.6% are 65 years and older)

**Households:** 67.2% family households, 51.7% married couples

*(Source: US Census)*

## **YOUR PREVIOUS TRAVEL**

Event	Date	Location
National Urban League Conference	July 28, 2003	Pittsburgh
United States Coast Guard	March 31, 2003	Philadelphia
Roundtable and Remarks on Medical Liability Reform	January 16, 2003	Scranton
Faith Based and Community Initiatives Conference	December 12, 2002	Philadelphia

*Matthew Hunter, Office of Political Affairs  
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Updated 09/12/03*

*Michael DuHaime, Bush-Cheney '04  
703-647-2747 (office)*

Pennsylvania Welcome	November 1, 2002	Harrisburg
Pennsylvania Welcome	October 22, 2002	Downingtown
Carpenters Labor Day Picnic	September 2, 2002	Pittsburgh
Coal Miners Event, Fisher Fundraiser, and Born Alive Bill Signing	August 5, 2002	Pittsburgh
Early Childhood Education Initiative and Fisher Fundraiser	April 2, 2002	Middletown
Tour People's Emergency Center and Conversation on Service	March 12, 2002	Philadelphia
University of Pittsburgh Medical Center Remarks on Bioterrorism	February 5, 2002	Pittsburgh
Brownfields Bill Signing	January 11, 2002	Conshohocken
Army – Navy Game	December 1, 2001	Philadelphia
Steel Workers Picnic and Little League World Series	August 26, 2001	Pittsburgh Williamsport
Faith-Based Block Party	July 4, 2001	Philadelphia
Tour and Energy Speech at Safe Harbor Hydroelectric Dam	May 18, 2001	Conestoga
Project Safe Neighborhoods Announcement	May 14, 2001	Philadelphia
Budget Tour Stop at Control Concepts	February 28, 2001	Beaver
House Democrat Retreat	February 4, 2001	Farmington

## THE VICE PRESIDENT'S PREVIOUS TRAVEL

Event	Date	Location
Citizens for Arlen Specter Finance Event	June 16, 2003	Harrisburg
Gekas for Congress Finance Event	October 25, 2003	Reading
Gerlach for Congress Finance Event	July 18, 2002	Conshohocken
Murphy for Congress Finance Event		Pittsburgh
Gekas for Congress Finance Event	April 19, 2002	Harrisburg
Toomey for Congress Finance Event	April 19, 2002	Allentown
Speech to NACO	July 6, 2001	Philadelphia
Energy Town Hall		Pittsburgh

### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> A Quinnipiac University poll conducted July 30 – August 4 surveyed 1,037 Pennsylvania registered voters with a margin of error of +/- 3 percent.